REPORTING SUSPICIOUS BEHAVIOUR



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Top Tips

Be quick and accurate when you report

Make yourself aware of the things to report relating to:

- Vehicles
- People
- Locations

PREVENT CRIME

PROTECT COMMUNITIES







As the additional 'eyes and ears' within the community, you can help to reduce crime, improve safety and increase the quality of life by knowing what to report and how to report it.

Don't be shy – your job is simply to report. The police will take your call seriously and check out the situation.

What you see and report may be invaluable, may prevent crime and save lives.

What is 'suspicious activity'?

Suspicious activities can refer to incidents, events, individuals or circumstances that seem unusual or out of place. Some common examples of suspicious activities include:



- A stranger loitering in your neighbourhood or a vehicle cruising the streets repeatedly.
- Someone peering into cars or windows.
- High volume of traffic going to and coming from a home on a daily basis.
- Someone loitering around schools, parks or secluded areas.
- Strange odours coming from a house or building.
- Open or broken doors and windows at a closed business or unoccupied residence.
- Someone tampering with electrical, gas or sewer systems without an identifiable company vehicle or uniform.
- Sounds of breaking glass, gunshots, screaming or fighting
- Strangers removing license plates or loading valuables into vehicles from a residence even if the moving truck looks legitimate.

Remember – A quick and accurate description of events, vehicles, and persons can make all the difference in apprehending a potential criminal. Any type of activity or circumstance that seems unusual should be reported.

There are four general categories to consider when determining what to report:

- Suspicious activities, people and vehicles
- Illegal activities
- Unusual events or incidents
- Dangerous situations

By reporting these types of suspicious activities, you can help the police make communities safer and more secure.

Reporting suspicious persons



Provide as much detail as possible.

Start with the basics and get more specific. One reliable method to consistently make good suspect descriptions is to begin at the head and work your way down.

For example: "He was a white male with blonde hair. He was wearing a brown shirt, blue jeans and trainers." or "She was a black female about twenty years old, short hair, thin build and wearing a red cotton dress and sandals."

Here is a list of items you can describe when providing a suspect description:

- Gender
- Race white, black, Asian or other
- Age
- Height and build
- Hair colour and style
- Complexion skin tone, imperfections
- Speech accent, slurred, vulgar
- Scars tattoos, facial hair, glasses
- General appearance dirty, well-groomed
- Clothing: colour, style, shoes, jewellery

Reporting suspicious vehicles

Provide as much information as possible about the vehicle, its occupants, the registration number or any identifying marks or characteristics, its activities and direction of travel. If you have a paper and pen or pencil handy, write down the information so you can read it to the police.



- Make (Ford, Vauxhall, Honda etc.)
- Model (Escort, Insignia etc.)
- Year and colour
- Registration number
- Stickers, damage or dents, lettering
- Direction of travel
- Occupants
- Is there a sunroof or a roof rack?

Reporting locations

- Provide as much information as possible.
 An exact location and specific address is always best if possible.
- Provide nearby roads and junctions.
- In rural areas, provide county road numbers or landmarks that can be recognized. Describe the location with as much detail as possible.

First Principle: Related links

Check out all of our Crime Prevention information using the following links or by using the QR code to take you to the First Principle Pages Alternatively go to our website at https://www.suffolk.police.uk/ and look in the 1st Principle A-Z of Crime Prevention.

Allotment Security
Anti-Social Behaviour
ATM Security
Beach Hut Security
Boat Security
Building Site Security
Business Security
Caravan Security
Caravan Storage
Card Security
Catalytic Converters
Church Security

Counterfeit Banknotes

County Lines Advice

Commercial CCTV

for Landlords

Cold Callers

Cyber Crime

Cycle Security

Dangerous Dogs

Dog Fouling

Dog Theft

Domestic CCTV

Domestic Violence

Farm Security

Fraud Prevention

Grooming Hate Crime

Heating Oil

Home Improvements

Home Security

Home Security for

Tenants

Horses and Stables

Keyless Vehicles

Key Safe Security

Lock Snapping

Mopeds and Scooters

Motorcycle Security

Neighbour Disputes

Occupiers Liability

Personal Security

Power Tool Security

Products Brochure

Rural Crime

Security Alarms

Sheds and Garages

Social Media

Social Media for

Parents

Suspicious Behaviour

Shoplifting

Taxi Driver Safety

Vehicle Security

Windows and Doors



Other Links you might find helpful

Ask the Police
Secured by Design
Sold Secure

Crimestoppers 0800 555 111

Victim Care 0300 303 3705